

STRANGENESS OSCILLATIONS

- WEAK INTERACTION EIGENSTATES ARE RELEVANT FOR K^0 \bar{K}^0 PROPAGATION
- WE DEFINED K_1^0 & $K_2^0 \rightarrow$ CP EIGENSTATES
- SHORT & LONG LIVED COMPONENTS OF K^0, \bar{K}^0 BEAM ARE NOT CP EIGENSTATES \rightarrow ~~CP~~
- DEFINE

$$K_L^0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+|\epsilon|^2}} (K_2^0 + \epsilon K_1^0)$$

$$K_S^0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+|\epsilon|^2}} (K_1^0 - \epsilon K_2^0)$$

LEVEL OF
CP VIOLATION

AS $\epsilon \rightarrow 0$

$$K_L^0 \rightarrow K_2^0$$

$$K_S^0 \rightarrow K_1^0$$

- PROB AMPLITUDE OF K_S^0 IN REST FRAME

$$A_S(t) = A_S(0) e^{-\left(\Gamma_S^0/2 + im_S\right) \cdot t}$$

$m_S \rightarrow$ REST MASS OF K_S^0

$\Gamma_S^0 \rightarrow \hbar/\tau_S \rightarrow$ WIDTH OF K_S^0

SIMILARLY $A_L(t) = A_L(0) e^{-\left(\Gamma_L^0/2 + im_L\right) t}$

- START WITH PURE K^0 BEAM FROM STRONG INTERACTIONS

- FORGET $CP \rightarrow \epsilon \rightarrow 0$

$$K_S^0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(|K^0\rangle + |\bar{K}^0\rangle \right)$$

$$K_L^0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(|K^0\rangle - |\bar{K}^0\rangle \right)$$

$$|K^0\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(|K_S^0\rangle + |K_L^0\rangle \right)$$

\leftarrow PURE $|K^0\rangle$

$$\therefore A_S(0) = A_L(0) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

- K_L^0 & K_S^0 EVOLVE DIFFERENTLY IN TIME

- AFTER TIME t

$$I(K^0) = \frac{1}{2} [A_S(t) + A_L(t)] [A_S^*(t) + A_L^*(t)]$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left[e^{-\Gamma_S t} + e^{-\Gamma_L t} + 2e^{-\frac{(\Gamma_S + \Gamma_L)t}{2}} \cos \Delta m \cdot t \right]$$

$$\Delta m = m_L - m_S$$

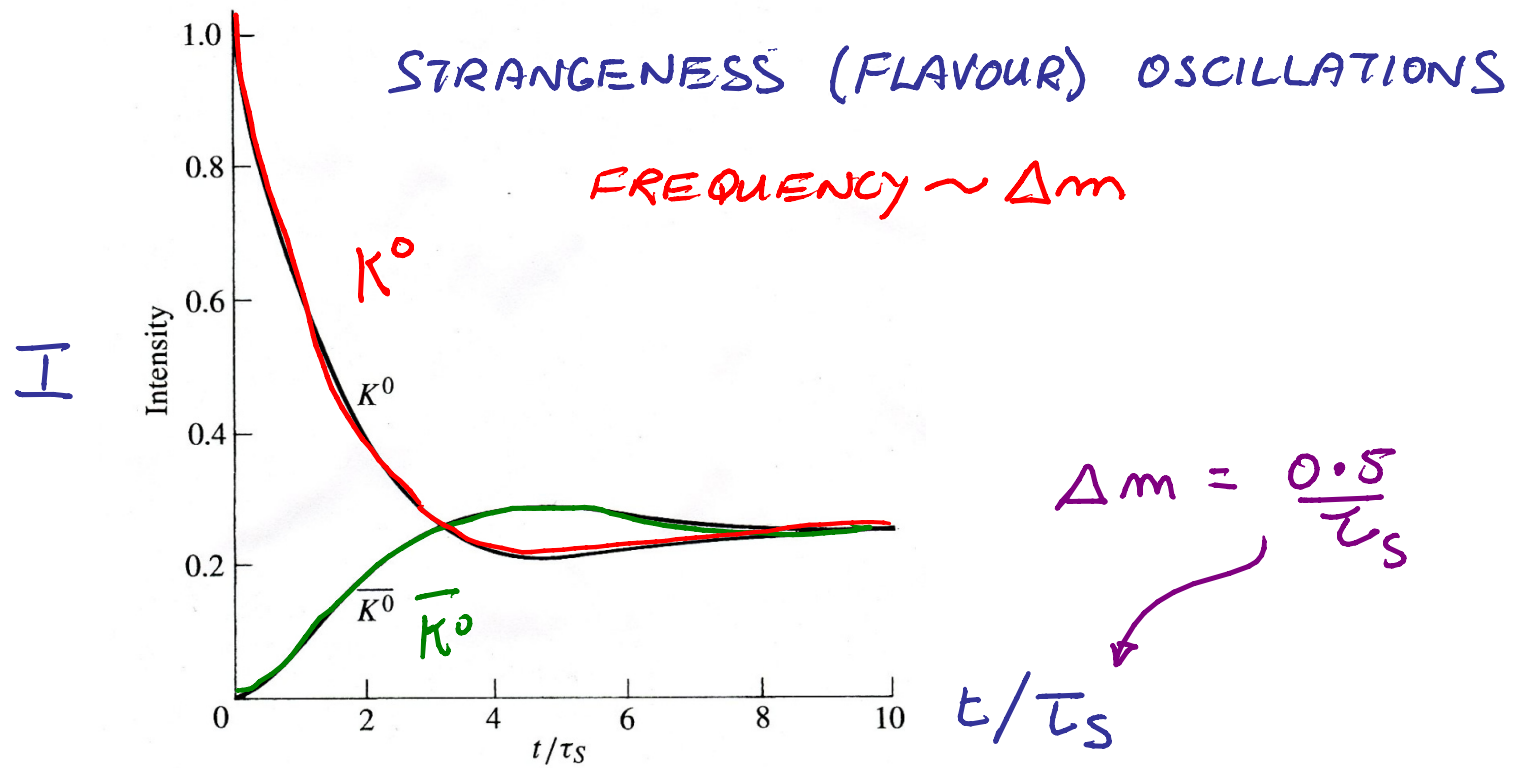
OSCILLATION
DEPENDING ON
THE MASS DIFFERENCE

SIMILARLY

$$I_0(\bar{K}_0) = \frac{1}{4} \left[e^{-\Gamma_S t} + e^{-\Gamma_L t} - 2e^{-\frac{(\Gamma_S + \Gamma_L)t}{2}} \cos \Delta m \cdot t \right]$$

FLAVOUR OSCILLATIONS

$\Delta m \rightarrow K^0 \leftrightarrow \bar{K}^0$ OSCILLATION FREQUENCY



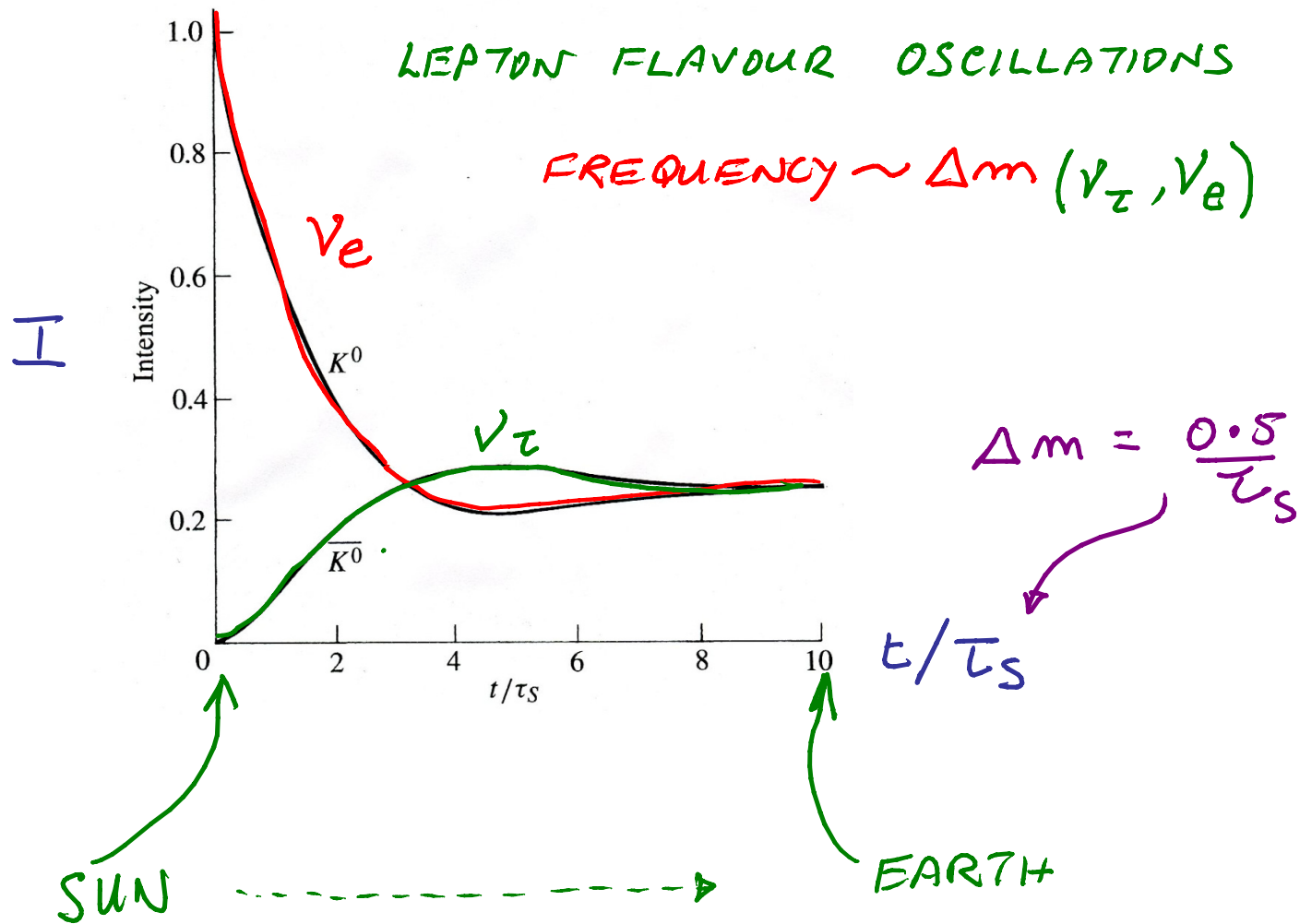
• FOR $K^0 \bar{K}^0$ SYSTEM $\Delta m = (3.491 \pm 0.009) \times 10^{-12}$ MeV

$$\frac{\Delta m}{m_{K^0}} = 7 \times 10^{-15} \quad \leftarrow \text{SENSITIVE TO SMALL } \Delta m$$

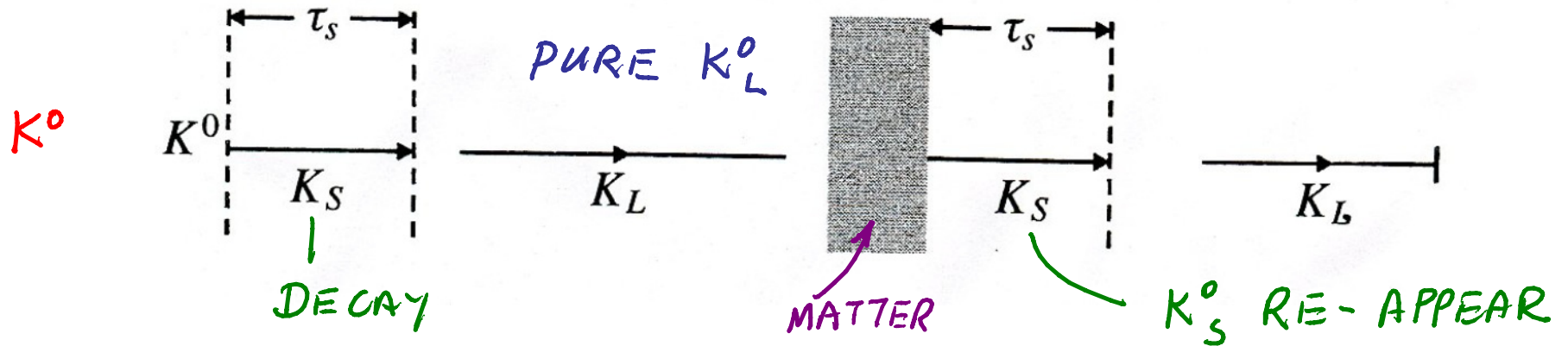
DO LEPTON FLAVOUR OSCILLATIONS EXIST?

\rightarrow YOU BET!

TWO ν "MODEL" OF SOLAR ν PROBLEM



FLAVOUR REGENERATION



• PURE $|K^0\rangle$ COASTING IN VACUUM

DECAYS \rightarrow PURE $|K^0_L\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|K^0\rangle - |\bar{K}^0\rangle)$

• AFTER MATTER

$$\left. \begin{aligned} |K^0\rangle &\rightarrow f |K^0\rangle \\ |\bar{K}^0\rangle &\rightarrow \bar{f} |\bar{K}^0\rangle \end{aligned} \right\} \bar{f} < f < 1$$

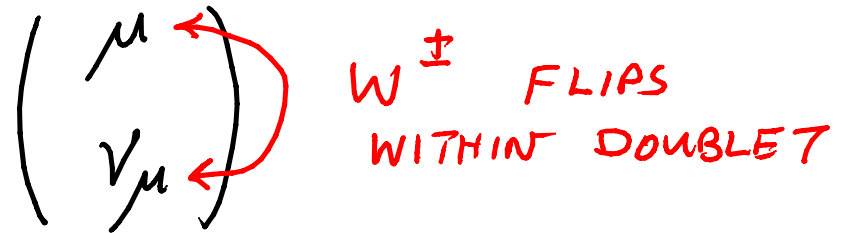
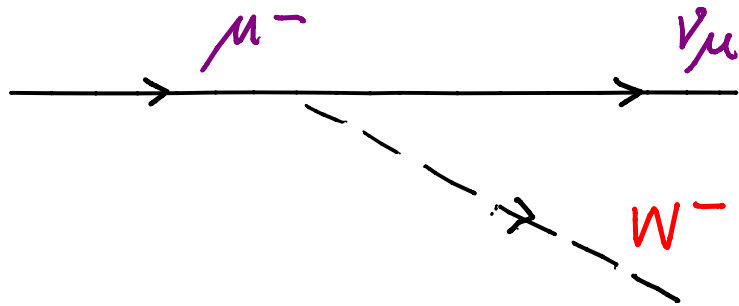
INTERACT
DIFFERENTLY IN MATTER

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (f |K^0\rangle - \bar{f} |\bar{K}^0\rangle) = \frac{1}{2} (f + \bar{f}) |K^0_L\rangle + \frac{1}{2} (f - \bar{f}) |K^0_S\rangle$$

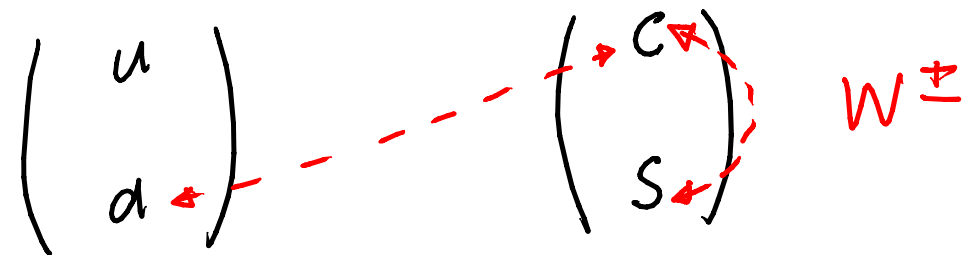
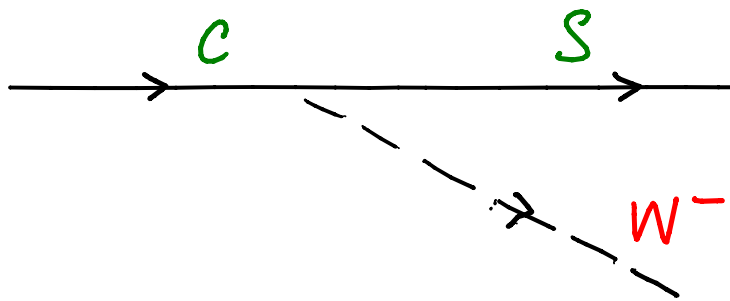
REGENERATED \rightarrow

FLAVOUR MIXING BY WEAK FORCE

WEAK FORCE DOES NOT CONSERVE QUARK FLAVOUR
JUST FLIPS LEPTONS WITHIN DOUBLETS



CHANGES FLAVOUR OF QUARKS



THINK ABOUT FIRST 2 GENERATIONS

$$\begin{pmatrix} u \\ d \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} c \\ s \end{pmatrix}$$

→ STATES OF DEFINITE

- MASS
- COLOUR
- FLAVOUR

→ EIGENSTATES OF MASS

$$M|u\rangle = m_u|u\rangle$$

→ EIGENSTATES OF COLOUR FORCE

$$C|u\rangle = c_u|u\rangle$$

THESE CANNOT BE THE EIGENSTATES THAT
WEAK INTERACTION SEES → IT DOES NOT CONSERVE
QUARK FLAVOUR

EIGENSTATES OF WEAK INTERACTION ARE
A MIXTURE OF DEFINITE FLAVOUR STATES

→ THIS IS WHY WEAK INTERACTION CAN INDUCE
TRANSITIONS BETWEEN STATES OF DEFINITE FLAVOUR

$$\begin{pmatrix} u \\ d \end{pmatrix}$$

↑
COLOUR EIGENSTATE
= MASS EIGENSTATE

$$\begin{pmatrix} u \\ d \cos \theta_c + s \sin \theta_c \end{pmatrix}$$

WEAK EIGENSTATES

$d \rightarrow u \quad \alpha \quad \cos^2 \theta_c$
 $s \rightarrow u \quad \alpha \quad \sin^2 \theta_c$

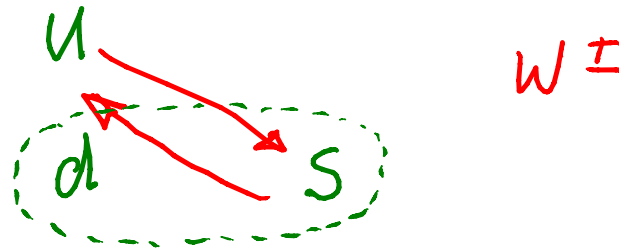
$$\begin{pmatrix} d \\ s \end{pmatrix}_{\text{WEAK}} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta \\ -\sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} d \\ s \end{pmatrix}_{\text{COLOUR}}$$

↑
CABIBBO ANGLE

MAINLY WEAK INTERACTION INDUCES



d & s BEING MIXED — CAN INDUCE

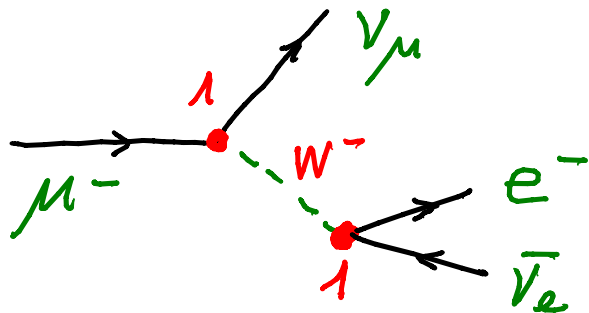


MODIFIES UNIVERSAL FERMION WEAK COUPLING

→ MEASUREMENTS CONSISTENT WITH
UNIVERSAL CABBIBO ANGLE

$$\theta_c$$

$$\mu^- \rightarrow \nu_\mu e^- \bar{\nu}_e$$

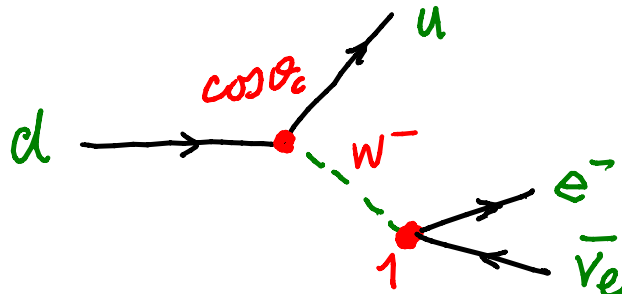


STRENGTH

$$1 \times G_F^2$$

$$d \rightarrow u e^- \bar{\nu}_e$$

($n \rightarrow p e^- \nu$)

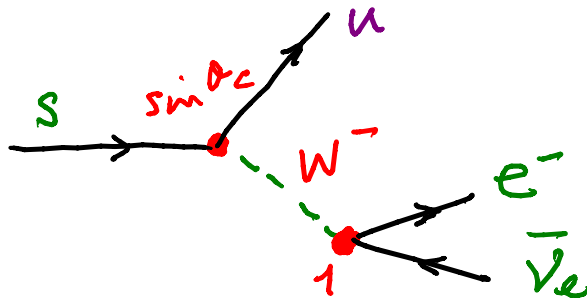


$$\sim 0.95$$

($\cos^2 \theta_c$)

$$s \rightarrow u e^- \bar{\nu}_e$$

($\Lambda \rightarrow p e^- \nu$)
($Br \sim 10^{-3}$)

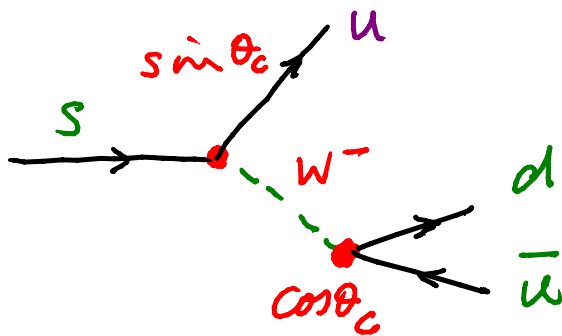


$$\sim 0.05$$

($\sin^2 \theta_c$)

$$s \rightarrow u d \bar{u}$$

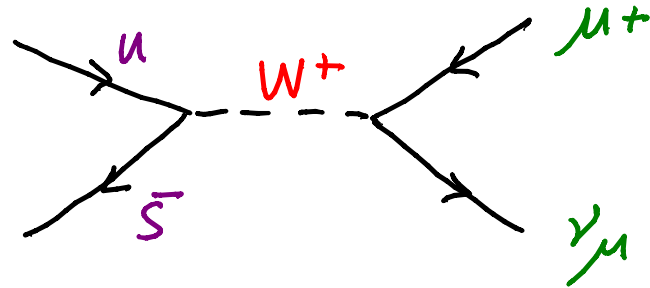
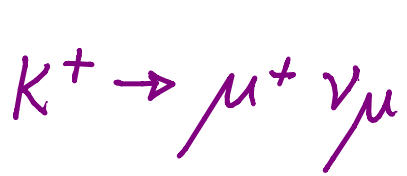
($\Lambda \rightarrow p \pi^-$)



$$\sim 0.09$$

$$(\sin \theta_c \cos \theta_c)$$

Z⁰ DOES NOT INDUCE DECAYS - WHY?

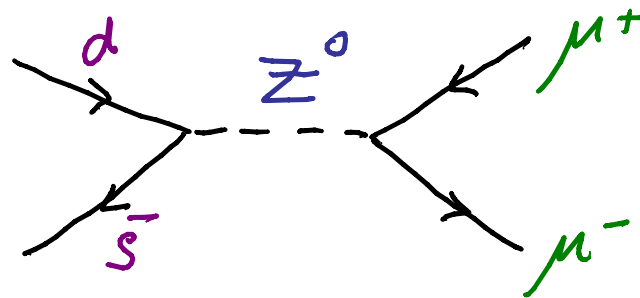
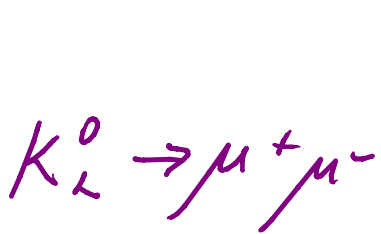


PARITY VIOLATION

AMP $\sim \frac{G}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \sin \theta_c \cdot f_K m_\mu \bar{\nu} \delta_S \mu$

DECAY $\Gamma \sim \frac{G^2}{8\pi} \sin^2 \theta_c f_K^2 m_K m_\mu^2 (1 - m_\mu^2/m_K^2)$

AGREES WITH EXPERIMENT $\tau \sim 10^{-8} s, BR \sim 64\%$



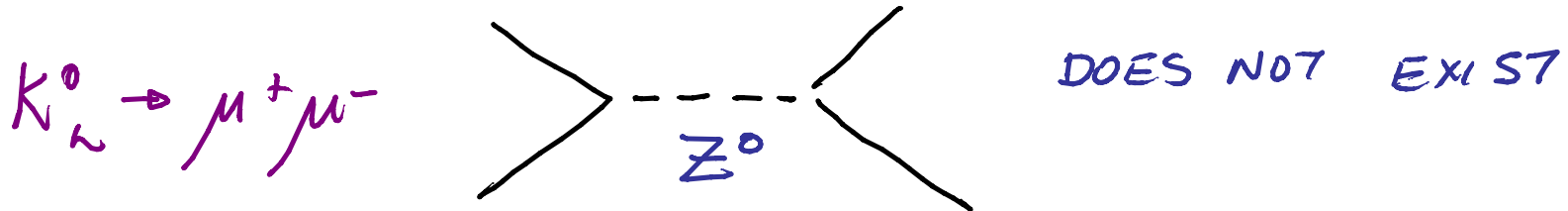
SHOULD BE ABOUT SAME Γ AS THE W⁻ DIAGRAM

BUT EXPERIMENTALLY

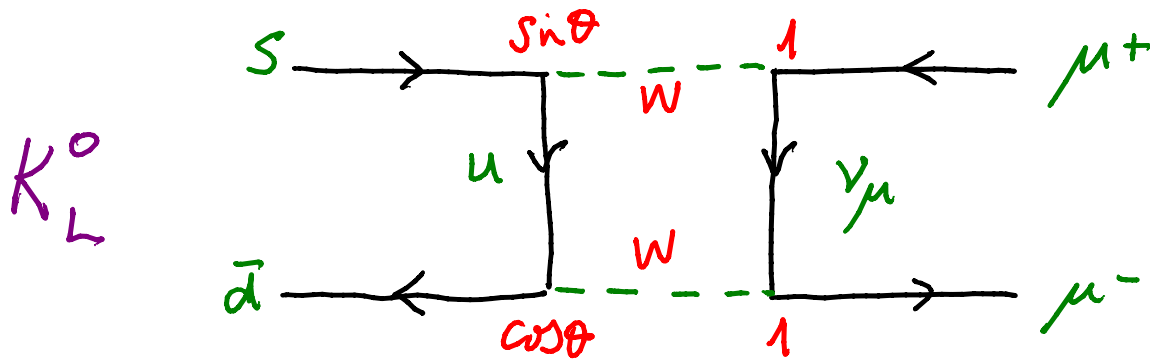
$\tau_{KL} = 5 \times 10^{-8} s$
 $BR = 9.5 \times 10^{-9}$

NO FLAVOUR CHANGING NEUTRAL CURRENTS

NO FIRST ORDER FLAVOUR CHANGING NEUTRAL CURRENT



BUT W^\pm CAN INDUCE AT HIGHER ORDER

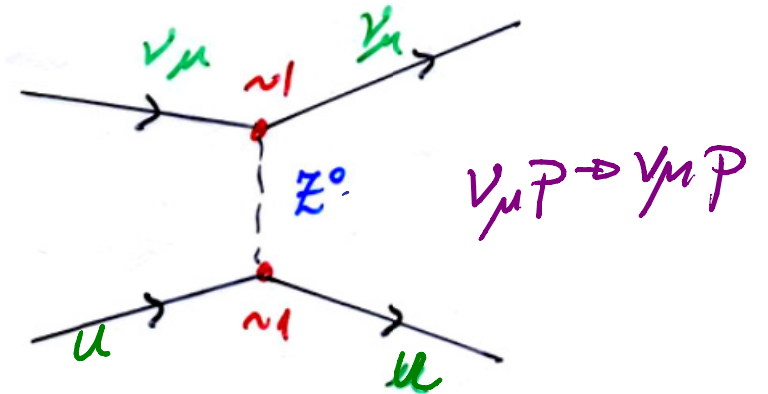
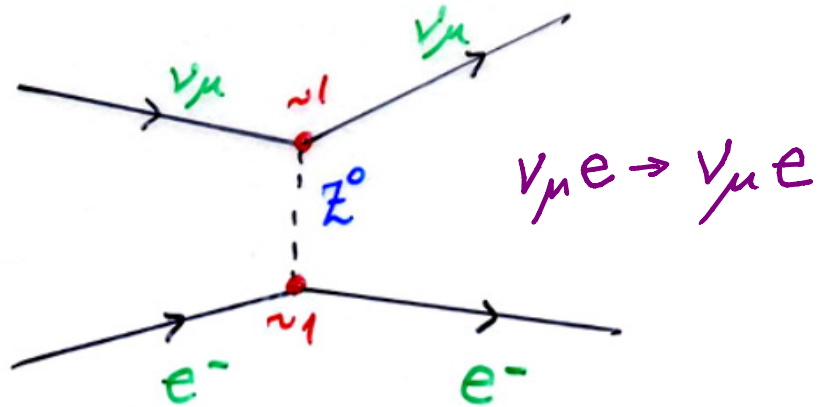


$$\frac{\Gamma(K_L^0 \rightarrow \mu\mu)}{\Gamma(K^+ \rightarrow \mu\nu)} \approx \left(\frac{3\sqrt{2}\alpha}{\pi} \right)^2 \rightarrow BR(K_L^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) \approx 3 \times 10^{-4}$$

cf EXPERIMENT $BR \sim 10^{-9}$ } SOME SUPPRESSION MECHANISM IS AT WORK HERE

BUT NEUTRAL CURRENTS DO EXIST.

THE FOLLOWING ν INTERACTIONS OBSERVED WITH EXPECTED WEAK COUPLING STRENGTH



NOTICE THAT THESE INTERACTIONS DO NOT CHANGE QUARK FLAVOUR FROM INITIAL TO FINAL STATE

WHY DOES Z^0 NOT INDUCE

$$K_L^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$$

$S = -1$ $S = 0$ ← FLAVOUR CHANGE

FROM

$$d \cos \theta + s \sin \theta$$

WE CAN WRITE THE TRANSITION AMPLITUDES

$$\sim u \bar{d} \cos \theta$$

$$u \bar{s} \sin \theta$$

BUT ALSO HAVE

$$d \cos \theta \quad s \sin \theta$$

CHANGES FLAVOUR

$$\sim s \bar{d} \cos \theta \sin \theta$$

CONSERVES FLAVOUR

$$\sim u \bar{u}$$

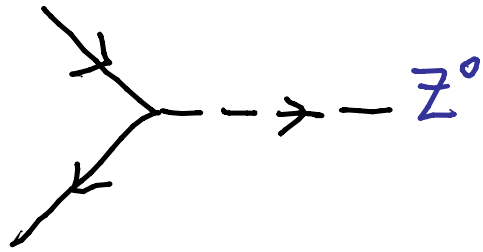
$$\begin{pmatrix} u \\ d \cos \theta & s \sin \theta \end{pmatrix}$$

EXPAND OUT ALL POSSIBLE TRANSITIONS FOR Z^0

$$u\bar{u} + d\bar{d} \cos^2 \theta + s\bar{s} \sin^2 \theta$$

s, u, d

$\bar{s}, \bar{u}, \bar{d}$

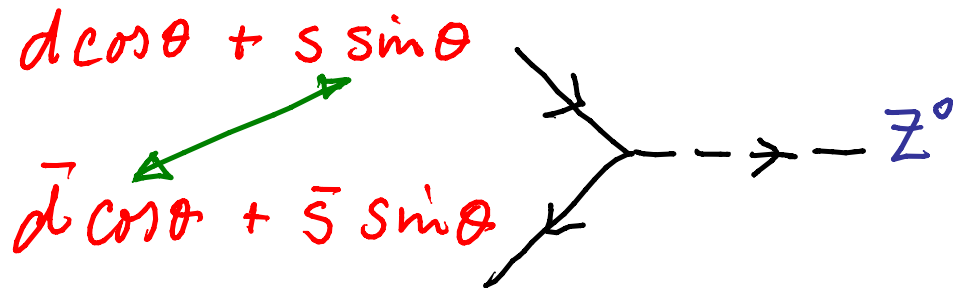


FLAVOUR CONSERVING
OBSERVED IN V SCATTERING

$$s\bar{d} \sin \theta \cos \theta + \bar{d}s \sin \theta \cos \theta$$

$d \cos \theta + s \sin \theta$

$\bar{d} \cos \theta + \bar{s} \sin \theta$




FLAVOUR CHANGING
NOT OBSERVED IN DECAY

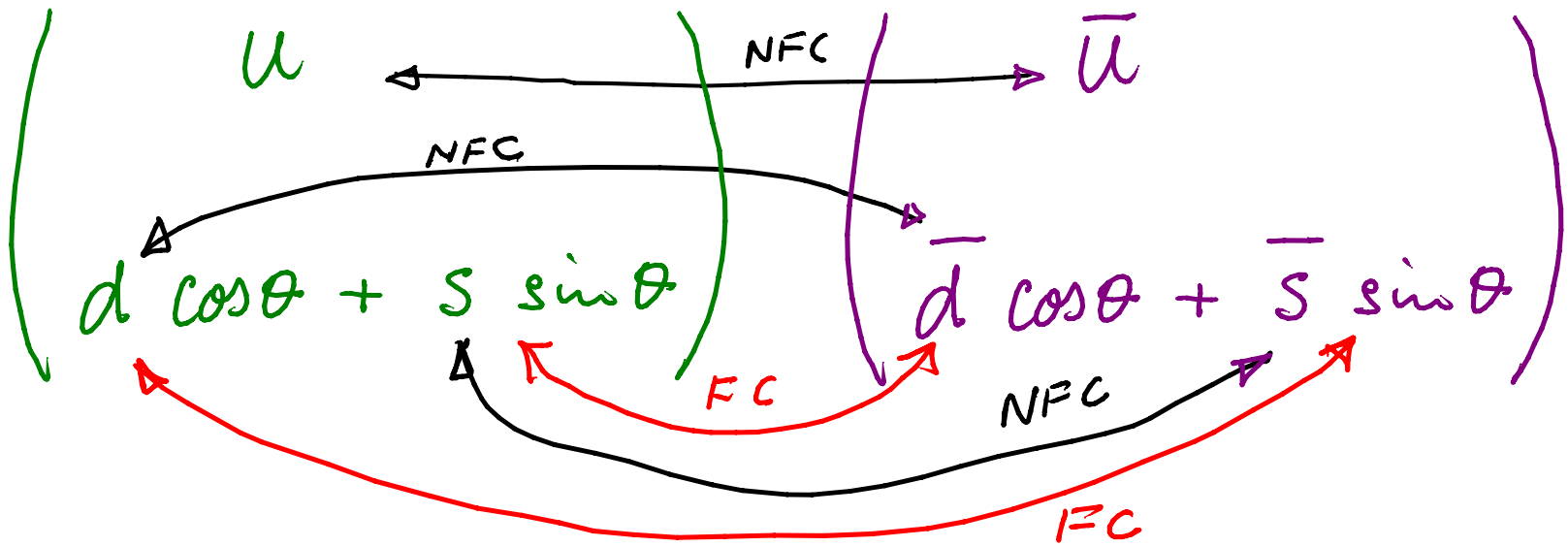
ABSENCE OF Z^0 DECAYS LED

GLASHOW, ILIO POULOUS & MAIANI TO MAKE THE
FOLLOWING PREDICTION BEFORE C-QUARK DISCOVERY

$$\begin{pmatrix} u \\ d \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} c \\ s \end{pmatrix} \quad \rightarrow \quad \text{COLOUR EIGENSTATES}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} u \\ d \cos \theta + s \sin \theta \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} c \\ s \cos \theta - d \sin \theta \end{pmatrix}$$


AS THE WEAK EIGENSTATES

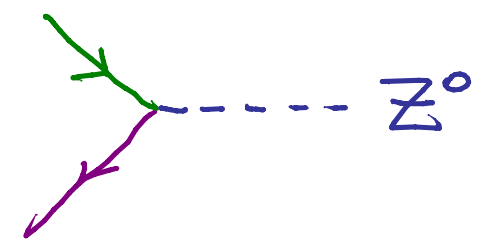


$$\begin{pmatrix} c \\ s \cos \theta - d \sin \theta \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \bar{c} \\ \bar{s} \cos \theta - \bar{d} \sin \theta \end{pmatrix}$$

NFC = NO FLAVOUR CHANGE

FC = FLAVOUR CHANGE

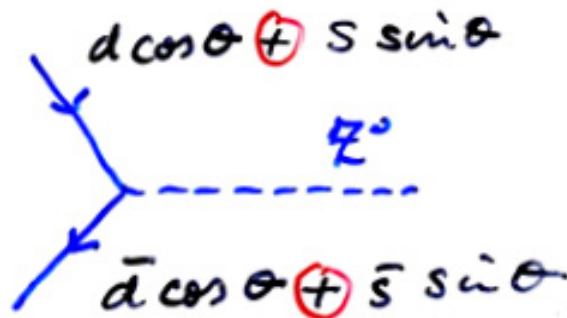
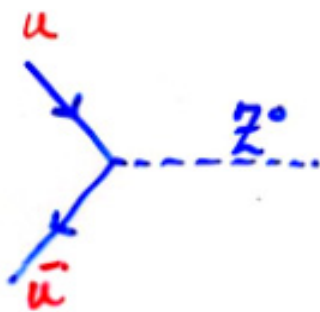


WRITE OUT TRANSITION AMPLITUDES

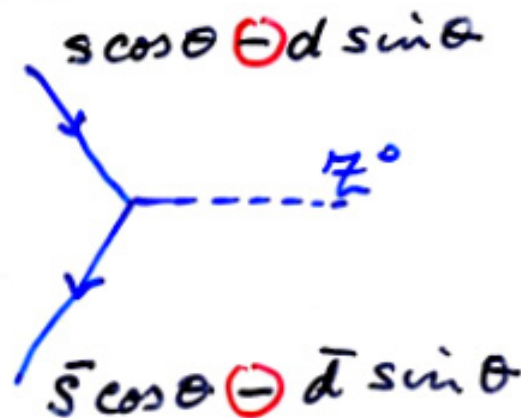
$$u\bar{u} + c\bar{c} + (\bar{d}d + s\bar{s})\cos^2\theta + (s\bar{s} + d\bar{d})\sin^2\theta$$

$$+ (s\bar{d} + \bar{s}d - \bar{s}d - s\bar{d})\cos\theta\sin\theta$$

↘ CONSERVES FLAVOUR
 ↘ FLAVOUR CHANGING PART VANISHES

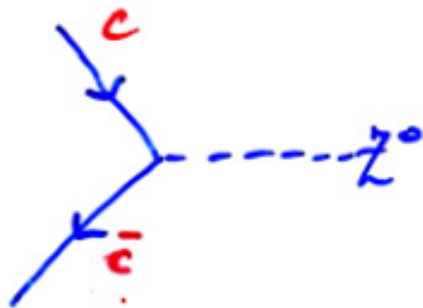


CANCELLATION



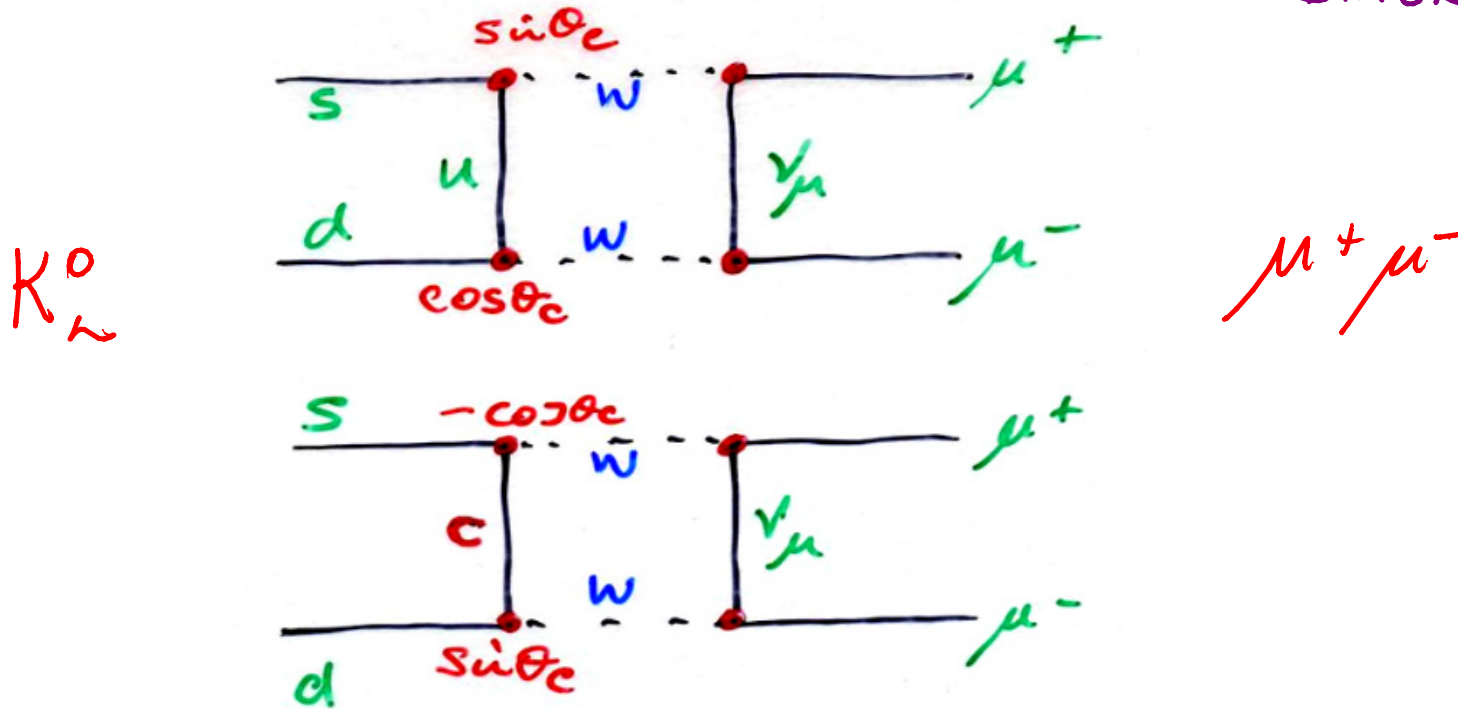
THESE CANNOT
MEDIATE DECAYS

$$m_u = m_{\bar{u}} \quad m_c = m_{\bar{c}}$$



GIM MECHANISM PREDICTED m_{CHARM}

FOR $K_L^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ NOW HAVE TWO 2ND ORDER DIAGRAMS



$$BR(K_L \rightarrow \mu\mu) \sim 7 \times 10^{-5} \frac{m_c^2 - m_u^2}{m_W^2} \ln \frac{M_W^2}{m_u^2}$$

PREDICTED $\rightarrow m_c \approx 1.5 \frac{\text{GeV}}{c^2}$ ✓

GENERALLY TRUE THAT THESE BOX DIAGRAMS
ARE DOMINATED BY HEAVIEST QUARK THAT
CAN CONTRIBUTE TO THE INTERNAL LOOP

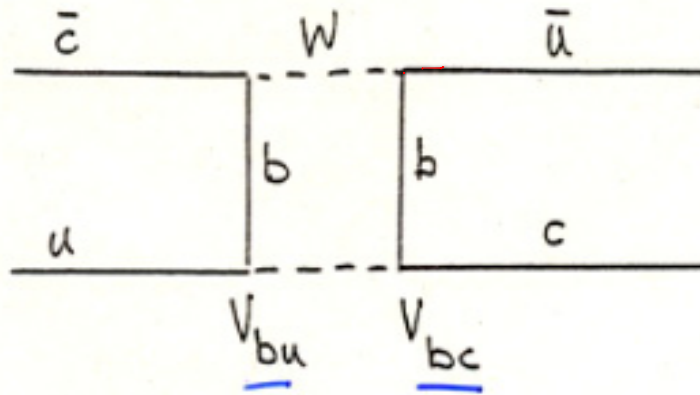
$m_c \rightarrow K$ DECAYS

$m_b \rightarrow B^0 \bar{B}^0$ MIXING

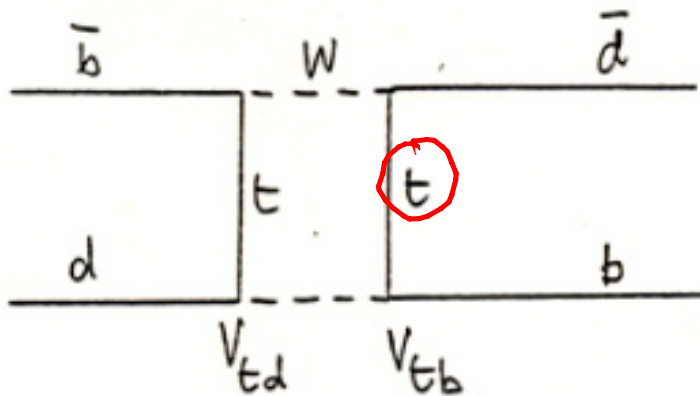
$m_H \rightarrow$ RADIATIVE CORRECTIONS

RARE DECAYS CAN ACCESS HIGHER MASS
SCALES THAN DIRECT PRODUCTION AT
ACCELERATORS

$D^0 \bar{D}^0$



$B_d^0 \bar{B}_d^0$



$m_t > 150 \frac{\text{GeV}}{c^2}$

$e^+e^- \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
@ 10 GeV

$B_s^0 \bar{B}_s^0$

