

WHY ARE SOME QUANTITIES CONSERVED

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WHY ARE WE INTERESTED IN THEM?

IN SOLVING
PHYSICS PROBLEMS



USE CONSERVED
QUANTITIES

ENERGY, MOMENTUM, ELECTRIC CHARGE, LEPTON FLAVOR

THESE CONSERVED QUANTITIES CHARACTERIZE
THE SYSTEM

CONSERVATION LAWS



SYMMETRIES OF
EQUATIONS DESCRIBING
THE SYSTEM

CONSERVED
QUANTITY

SYMMETRY OF
HAMILTONIAN = INVARIANCE
UNDER

ENERGY

TIME TRANSLATION

LINEAR MOMENTUM

LINEAR TRANSLATION

ANGULAR MOMENTUM

ROTATIONS

ELECTRIC CHARGE

GAUGE SYMMETRY

CONSERVATION

OF MAXWELL'S EQUATIONS

NEW CONSERVED QUANTITIES

→ SYMMETRIES

FLAVOUR

OF HAMILTONIAN

BARYON NUMBER

DESCRIBING PARTICLE

INTERACTIONS



CONSERVED QUANTITIES IN QUANTUM MECHANICS

CONSERVED QUANTITY \longleftrightarrow SYMMETRY

ANY OPERATOR WHICH COMMUTES WITH THE HAMILTONIAN CORRESPONDS TO A CONSERVED QUANTITY

$$[F, H] = 0$$

CONSERVED \nearrow HAMILTONIAN \searrow

NÖTHERS' THEOREM
IN CLASSICAL MECHANICS

SOME RESULTS FROM QUANTUM MECHANICS

$$\langle F \rangle = \int d^3x \psi_a^* F \psi_a \quad \rightarrow \text{EXPECTATION VALUE OF OPERATOR } F$$

↑ WITH OBEY CLASSICAL EQUATIONS OF MOTION

$$\text{IF } [H, F] = 0 \quad \rightarrow \quad \frac{d}{dt} \langle F \rangle = 0$$

↳ CONSERVED

↓ CAN SIMULTANEOUSLY MEASURE THE EIGENSTATES OF H & F

$$H \psi = E \psi$$

$$F \psi = f \psi$$

SYMMETRY OPERATION

SYMMETRY OPERATOR \rightarrow TRANSFORMATION \rightarrow LEAVES HAMILTONIANS UNCHANGED

$$\psi'(\vec{x}, t) = U \psi(\vec{x}, t)$$

NEW STATE ORIGINAL STATE

$$i\hbar \frac{d}{dt} \psi = H \psi \quad \text{AND} \quad i\hbar \frac{d}{dt} U \psi = H U \psi$$

$$\text{IF } U U^\dagger = 1 \rightarrow \text{UNITARY}$$

$$\rightarrow H = U^\dagger H U \rightarrow [H, U] = 0$$

$[H, U]$

SYMMETRY OPERATOR ONLY
NEEDS TO BE UNITARY

$$U^\dagger U = 1$$

ONLY HERMITIAN OPERATORS CORRESPOND
TO OBSERVABLES $A = A^\dagger$

GENERALLY SYMMETRY TRANSFORMATIONS
DO NOT CORRESPOND TO OBSERVABLES

↳ BUT A SYMMETRY TRANSFORMATION
OPERATOR IS ALWAYS RELATED TO
SOME OTHER OPERATOR WHICH
IS AN OBSERVABLE

TWO DISTINCT KINDS OF TRANSFORMATION

- **CONTINUOUS** → DEPEND ON SOME CONTINUOUS PARAMETER. CAN DIFFER FROM UNITY (= DO NOTHING) BY AN ARBITRARILY SMALL AMOUNT
EXAMPLE → ROTATION IN SPACE

- **DISCRETE** → EITHER HAPPEN OR NOT
REFLECTION, TIME REVERSAL, PARTICLE
↓
ANTIPARTICLE
SOME DISCRETE TRANSFORMATIONS → **OBSERVABLES**

SPATIAL REFLECTION → PARITY = U_p

$$\psi(\vec{x}) \rightarrow \psi(-\vec{x}) \quad ; \quad \psi(-\vec{x}) = U_p \psi(\vec{x})$$

$U_p U_p = 1$ → HERMITIAN → MUST CORRESPOND
UNITARY TO AN OBSERVABLE